Part A pays in full for semiprivate (2 to 4 beds), or ward (5 or more beds) accommodations.

- (b) Private accommodations—(1) Conditions for payment in full. Except for applicable coinsurance amounts, Medicare pays in full for a private room if—
- (i) The patient's condition requires him to be isolated;
- (ii) The SNF has no semiprivate or ward accommodations; or
- (iii) The SNF semiprivate and ward accommodations are fully occupied by other patients, were so occupied at the time the patient was admitted to the SNF for treatment of a condition that required immediate inpatient SNF care, and have been so occupied during the interval.
- (2) Period of payment. In the situations specified in paragraph (b)(1) (i) and (iii) of this section. Medicare pays for a private room until the patient's condition no longer requires isolation or until semiprivate or ward accommodations are available.
- (3) Conditions for patient's liability. The facility may charge the patient the difference between its customary charge for the private room furnished and its most prevalent charge for a semiprivate room if:
- (i) None of the conditions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section is met, and
- (ii) The private room was requested by the patient or a member of the family who, at the time of request was informed what the charge would be.

§ 409.23 Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech-language pathology services.

Medicare pays for physical therapy, occupational therapy, or speech-language pathology services as posthospital SNF care if they are furnished—

- (a) By (or under arrangements made by) the facility and billed by (or through) the facility;
- (b) By qualified physical therapists, physical therapist assistants, occupational therapists, occupational therapy assistants, or speech-language pathologists as defined in part 484 of this chapter; and

(c) In accordance with a plan that meets the requirements of §409.17(b) through (d) of this part.

[75 FR 73613, Nov. 29, 2010]

§ 409.24 Medical social services.

Medicare pays for medical social services as posthospital SNF care, including—

- (a) Assessment of the social and emotional factors related to the beneficiary's illness, need for care, response to treatment, and adjustment to care in the facility;
- (b) Case work services to assist in resolving social or emotional problems that may have an adverse effect on the beneficiary's ability to respond to treatment; and
- (c) Assessment of the relationship of the beneficiary's medical and nursing requirements to his or her home situation, financial resources, and the community resources available upon discharge from facility care.

[63 FR 26306, May 12, 1998]

§ 409.25 Drugs, biologicals, supplies, appliances, and equipment.

- (a) Drugs and biologicals. Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, Medicare pays for drugs and biologicals as posthospital SNF care only if—
- (1) They represent a cost to the facility;
- (2) They are ordinarily furnished by the facility for the care and treatment of inpatients; and
- (3) They are furnished to an inpatient for use in the facility.
- (b) Exception. Medicare pays for a limited supply of drugs for use outside the facility if it is medically necessary to facilitate the beneficiary's departure from the facility and required until he or she can obtain a continuing supply.
- (c) Supplies, appliances, and equipment. Except as specified in paragraph (d) of this section, Medicare pays for supplies, appliances, and equipment as posthospital SNF care only if they are—
- (1) Ordinarily furnished by the facility to inpatients; and
- (2) Furnished to inpatients for use in the facility.

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- (d) Exception. Medicare pays for items to be used after the individual leaves the facility if—
- (1) The item is one that the beneficiary must continue to use after leaving, such as a leg brace; or
- (2) The item is necessary to permit or facilitate the beneficiary's departure from the facility and is required until he or she can obtain a continuing supply, for example, sterile dressings.

[63 FR 26307, May 12, 1998]

§ 409.26 Transfer agreement hospital services.

- (a) Services furnished by an intern or a resident-in-training. Medicare pays for medical services that are furnished by an intern or a resident-in-training (under a hospital teaching program approved in accordance with the provisions of §409.15) as posthospital SNF care, if the intern or resident is in—
- (1) A participating hospital with which the SNF has in effect an agreement under §483.75(n) of this chapter for the transfer of patients and exchange of medical records; or
- (2) A hospital that has a swing-bed approval, and is furnishing services to an SNF-level inpatient of that hospital.
- (b) Other diagnostic or therapeutic services. Medicare pays for other diagnostic or therapeutic services as posthospital SNF care if they are provided—
- (1) By a participating hospital with which the SNF has in effect a transfer agreement as described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; or
- (2) By a hospital or a CAH that has a swing-bed approval, to its own SNF-level inpatient.

 $[63~{\rm FR}~26307,~{\rm May}~12,~1998]$

§ 409.27 Other services generally provided by (or under arrangements made by) SNFs.

In addition to those services specified in §§ 409.21 through 409.26, Medicare pays as posthospital SNF care for such other diagnostic and therapeutic services as are generally provided by (or under arrangements made by) SNFs, including—

(a) Medical and other health services as described in subpart B of part 410 of this chapter, subject to any applicable limitations or exclusions contained in that subpart or in § 409.20(b);

- (b) Respiratory therapy services prescribed by a physician for the assessment, diagnostic evaluation, treatment, management, and monitoring of patients with deficiencies and abnormalities of cardiopulmonary function; and
- (c) Transportation by ambulance that meets the general medical necessity requirements set forth in §410.40(d)(1) of this chapter.

[63 FR 26307, May 12, 1998, as amended at 64 FR 41681, July 30, 1999]

Subpart D—Requirements for Coverage of Posthospital SNF Care

§ 409.30 Basic requirements.

Posthospital SNF care, including SNF-type care furnished in a hospital or CAH that has a swing-bed approval, is covered only if the beneficiary meets the requirements of this section and only for days when he or she needs and receives care of the level described in §409.31. A beneficiary in an SNF is also considered to meet the level of care requirements of §409.31 up to and including the assessment reference date for the 5-day assessment prescribed in §413.343(b) of this chapter, when assigned to one of the Resource Utilization Groups that is designated (in the annual publication of Federal prospective payment rates described in §413.345 of this chapter) as representing the required level of care. For the purposes of this section, the assessment reference date is defined in accordance with §483.315(d) of this chapter, and must occur no later than the eighth day of posthospital SNF care.

- (a) Pre-admission requirements. The beneficiary must—
- (1) Have been hospitalized in a participating or qualified hospital or participating CAH, for medically necessary inpatient hospital or inpatient CAH care, for at least 3 consecutive calendar days, not counting the date of discharge; and
- (2) Have been discharged from the hospital or CAH in or after the month he or she attained age 65, or in a month